

26 Nathan Road, Kowloon.

VOL. II NO. 247

MONDAY, JULY 21, 1947.

Price 20 Cents

Column Of Sports

Russian—he is five feet two inches tall, but completes an "light heavyweight" or "heavyweight"—he lifted 380 lbs 10 ozs. in the two-hand military press (pressing the weight slowly from the shoulders overhead while standing in an erect posture).—United Press.

Among the many rounded up by the police during the night within hours of the assassination were 100 prominent members of U. S. Saw's Moychit Party, whose headquarters were also raided. Three members of the Moychit Party's private army were killed and some were seriously injured.

methods, are now trying a subversive campaign.

"They may try all their strikes, sabotage, anything. We prepared to face them all, for we know that at least 85 per cent of people are backing us."

(Continued on Page 4)

Russian—he is five feet two inches tall, but completes an "light heavyweight" or "heavyweight"—he lifted 380 lbs 10 ozs. in the two-hand military press (pressing the weight slowly from the shoulders overhead while standing in an erect posture).—United Press.

Women BEAUTY ARTS

This Space Every Day
By LOIS LEEDS



Posed for Lois Leeds.

Black lace is always a woman's idea—and a man's—for Charm!

STAR SHINE!

Edith Head, designer for Paramount Pictures, gave a fashion show in New York recently. A stunning New York model wore a Black lace gown over White organdie. It's that glamour gown which Loretta Young wears in the picture, "The Perfect Marriage". Black lace is a woman's weapon, for Charm and Beauty is a part of any Perfect Marriage!

Green Grows the Fashions! When choosing a wardrobe or a set of accessories, look at Green. It is very smart now and being Nature's own background colour, Green goes with everything.

Dorothy Lamour looked stunning recently while wearing a Beige outfit, accented with Green accessories—pumps, bag and gloves—and a touch, no doubt, of Green eye-shadow for Star Shine!

Pleats and Pleats! Deep, wide, pleated flounces are back and if you have pretty legs they are for you. Pleated capes are new and very pretty. We have not seen those in a long, long time.

Annabella has a Navy Blue and White print, done in pleats and Marlene Dietrich chose an Emerald Green (there's that Green again!) and Black print, knife-pleated below the hips.

Can You Knit? If you can, then start a Dress—and finish it! Shell

Minute Makeups
by GABRIELLE



Brown is the "love" of Hollywood stars! And they accent it with Pink, Pale Blue or a Soft Green. Black is always "in the picture" but sparkled up by brilliant accents, from jewels to plaid ribbon! YOU can do the same.

SIDE GLANCES

By Galbraith



"I've got to do something about my teeth, Miss Brown! Will you call that dentist of yours, the one you said was booked through July?"

Ill-Starred Besieger Of Stalingrad Still Detained By Russians

BY RICHARD O'REGAN

The lonely wife of German Field Marshal Friedrich von Paulus believes that the Russians may be detaining the ill-starred besieger of Stalingrad for some future military or political purpose.

She said in an interview in Baden-Baden recently: "I would rather, however, he stay in Russia than return to American-occupied Germany to be hanged as a war criminal."

The status of von Paulus has been a mystery since he surrendered at Stalingrad with the remnants of the German 6th Army in 1943.

His occasional brown-paper postal cards with the words, "I am well," mean nothing to her, his wife said. "I cannot tell if he is prisoner or is treated specially."

After his capture, von Paulus began broadcasting over the Moscow Radio, calling on the German people to end the war. He lent his name to the "Free Germany Committee" in the Soviet capital, and last year appeared suddenly as a Soviet prosecution witness at the Nuremberg war crimes trial—only to vanish again. His wife was not permitted to visit him.

A Good General

Glancing at a life-sized painting of her husband in full uniform, Frau von Paulus declared:

"I do not know why the Russians don't release him. Perhaps, because he is a good general, one of the best. Russia doesn't have many good generals."

With obvious concern, she asked: "Will there be another war—this time between America and Russia? I hope not. There has been enough war, and I should like to see him return."

She quickly added: "But I don't think about these affairs. Maybe it is not good for Germans to think. I just wait and wait, and he waits too—and it is better waiting here than in Dachau."

Frau von Paulus spent six wartime months in the notorious Dachau concentration camp after her husband began his anti-Nazi broadcasts from Moscow. Hitler, she said, branded him a traitor; the general he had promoted to Field Marshal in the last days of the Stalingrad catastrophe.

Believed Was Lost

"I never heard any of his broadcasts," she said, "but I have no doubt that it was he. He believed the war was lost when Stalingrad couldn't be taken, and it was useless to go on."

Frau von Paulus, after release by the Allies at Dachau, went to Baden-Baden, heart of the French occupation zone, in October 1945. She moved into the large house overlooking the town that was her husband's before the war.

Now she lives in one sunlit room, tends her potted plants and keeps the house tidy. A French military government official, his wife and children occupy five rooms, and Frau von Paulus' German doctor and his son live in two others.

"When I first came back," she said bitterly, "there were 25 displaced persons in the house. I cooked, scrubbed and kept my property as clean as I could for them. They moved out and the French moved in. The French are courteous and very friendly"—Associated Press.

RELIGIOUS FANATICS ON SAMAR

A bloody revival of the dreaded Pulahanes (religious fanatics and outlaws), whose violence plagued the American Army at the turn of the century, has been reported from Samar Island (Philippines).

More than 30 people have been killed in the new outbreak, only 30 miles from the U.S. Navy base at Guisan.

Despatches say the dead include Mayor Pedro Rebato, of the small island town of San Jose du Buen, his son, 12 other civilians, nine Pulahanes, and one of the military police who fought them.

A former guerrilla leader, Mengote, allegedly heads one Pulahan group in Eastern Samar, avowedly bent on killing all Chinese in sight.

The largest group is reported to be led by notorious Antonio de la Cruz, who already faces charges of multiple murder and treason.

His men, the Philippines Government alleges, were armed by the Japanese and harassed Filipino guerrillas during the war.

His men wear red, homespun trousers and are said to conduct weird black masses in a perversion of Christian rites.

Major Luciano Abin, military police provincial commander, has asked for reinforcements from Cebu to help his forces comb the jungle-covered slopes of Samar.

More Phosphates Available

New machinery is quickening the production of phosphates from the Ocean and the Nauru Islands, states the Australian News and Information Bureau, and it is expected that Australian and New Zealand farmers will receive double the quantity they have been taking.

Over 220,000 tons were shipped to the Dominions in the year ended June 30, and nearly 700,000 tons will be produced in the coming year, the Bureau said.

MAN-MADE PLANETS AS HALF-WAY STOPS TO MARS

If man wishes to go to Mars without using ungainly rockets weighing over 1,000 tons, he must set up a string of artificial half-way houses or man-made planets on the way. This is the opinion of Professor Albert Ducrocq, of the Ecole Professionnelle Supérieure in Paris.

He first got the idea from papers lent to him by fellow scientists who had visited Germany. He is now using it, as the theme in his nearly completed book, "Germany's Secret Aim."

The German scheme prophesied the creation of mid-air artificial planets revolving around the earth some 22,000 miles up.

As a technological adviser to France's Aero Club, Ducrocq soon realized the plan's four-point significance:

Military: They (the Germans) planned to erect vast mirrors a mile wide on these planets, and use them as giant burning-glasses to focus the sun's heat on enemy cities.

Astronomical: Views of other planets would be obtained easier

from artificial planets than from earth.

Interplanetary: Light-weight rockets only would be needed to reach artificial planets. Journeys from here would be easy, because little or no propellant force is necessary in outer space.

Meteorological: By using the German system of mirrors, climates and seasons could be altered. Ducrocq says that he understands the Americans hope to use planets to direct the sun's rays on the North and South Poles to melt the snow. It is possible that many thousands of square miles of barren lands could be cultivated by this method.

Automatic Assembly

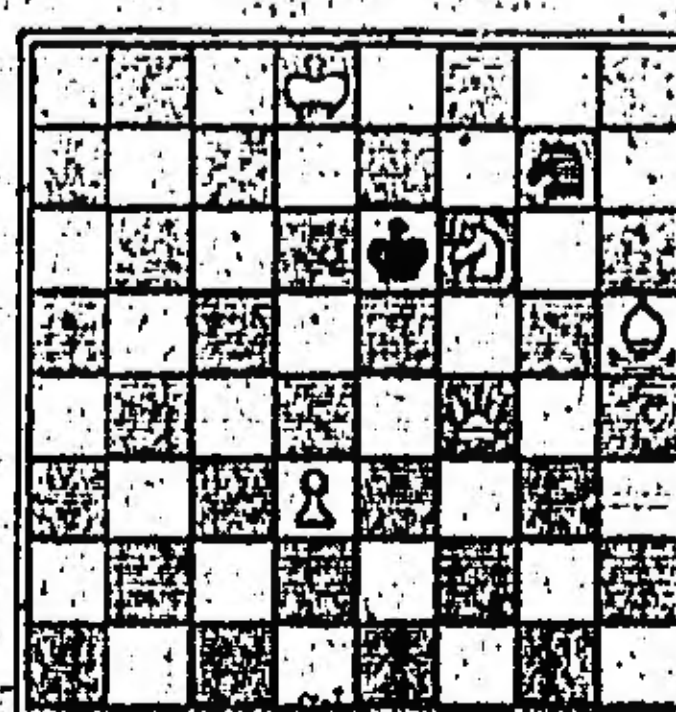
Germans had pinned their hopes on planets about two square miles in size, sectioned and constructed and shot by jet-propulsion to the right altitude. Here the sections would gravitate towards each other for automatic assembly.

The man-made planets would have to be made of special steel so that they could withstand the solar heat. Difference in temperature, Ducrocq suggests, would enable the crews "manning" the planets to obtain thermic power. The sun's heat would boil water and create steam, the steam would be reconverted in water by the other half of the planet—the cold half.

As the planets would be far beyond the atmosphere, reserves of oxygen would be carried.

CHESS PROBLEM

By H. H. BROUWER
Black, 2 pieces.



White to play and mate in two.
Solution to Saturday's problem:
1. Q-K4; threat, 2. Q-K2 (ch).
1... P-Q7; 2. B-R3; 1... K-K5; 2. R-Q3; 1... R-R6; 2. Q-K2.



CHALLENGER TO DINNER JACKET

A well-known London firm of men's outfitters has issued the biggest challenge to evening dress tradition since the dinner jacket stood up to the tail coat. This firm staged an exhibition of new styles, and most striking is the battledress evening suit in midnight blue.

The upper garment, waist-length and with double-breasted wrapover and the lapel finishing at a stitched cloth waistband, fastens with a metal buckle three-quarter right at the waistline. The suit is worn on dinner jacket occasions with soft shirt, soft turn-down collar and dark bow tie.

The explanation given for the exhibition is that the firm's young men have returned from the forces so charged with new ideas about clothes that it seemed the safest course was to let them work out their ideas in a show—as soon as possible.

Other revolutionary ideas—revolutionary for English tailoring, at any rate—are suits in hopsack open-weave worn for the summer. They are ticked "beach wear" but could obviously be worn on many occasions.

Different Colourings

Colourings displayed are anti-militaristic, jacket with maroon trousers; tan jacket with cream trousers; powder blue jacket with dark air force blue trousers; lemon yellow with dark brown trousers. Style variations to the jackets include a yoke back with wide box pleat and side straps for waist adjustment; a collarless style with wide, buttoned down lapels; short or long sleeves with one-inch turnback; and slope top patch pockets.

Jacket styles are all designed to give the big-chested, athletic look. This is achieved by broad shoulders, big, easy sitting back and front, collars cut to set low and away from the shirt collar, bold, low-sweeping lapels.

All-round belts are a prominent feature in winter weight sports wear. And an entirely new garment is the "house jacket," made in light woolen, stretchy for good-tempered wear, styled with contrasting shawl collar and patch pockets.

Film Borrows Duke's Ranch

The Duke of Windsor's big E-P Canadian ranch will be the main location site for the filming of the motion picture "Stimodee." It has been announced by Egle-Lion Films, Joan Leslie and James Craig will co-star in the production.

Cost of the film, to be made in colour to portray the splendour of this location and Canada's Lake Louise resort area, is estimated at U.S.\$2,000,000. The Duke is permitting the use of his main ranch house for the filming of interior scenes. Also co-operating is the Canadian Government, which is attempting to stimulate an interest in expanding motion picture location facilities in Canada.—Associated Press.

DISTINCTION FOR WOMAN CHEMIST

Mrs. Joan Kennedy Irvine has recently been elected president of the Pharmaceutical Society of Great Britain—its first woman president since its inception in 1844. She started her apprenticeship in a chemist's shop in Glasgow, over 40 years ago, and eventually became chief dispenser of the Glasgow Apothecaries Company. After her marriage she helped her husband in his two pharmaceutical businesses and during the war she was decorated for her work as superintendent of the South-Eastern District Office of the Ministry of Health—a department which last year dealt with the pricing of 9,000,000 prescriptions.

Rupert and the Young Imp—23



Realizing it is time for tea Rupert runs happily homeward. "How pleased Daddy will be to have that apple mystery solved," he thinks. Halfway to his cottage is a small pile of boulders and as he passes them, a strange voice says: "Rupert, are you in a hurry? Do wait just a minute," says the voice. Stopping in surprise, he gazes round and there spies yet another little figure looking at him earnestly from between some of the bigger boulders.

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SHOWING TO-DAY

QUEEN'S

At 2.30, 5.15, 7.15 & 9.15 p.m.



BLAZING WITH COLOR, LAUGHS, ROMANCE AND RHYTHM!

Betty GRABLE
Victor MATURE

"SONG OF THE ISLANDS"

IN TECHNICOLOR
with Jack OAKIE
Thomas MITCHELL
A
A 20th Century-Fox Picture.

NEXT CHANGE! The Screen's Suprema Adventure-Romance!

"THE THIEF OF BAGDAD"

IN TECHNICOLOR with SABU & Conrad VEIDT

CENTRAL THEATRE

TO-DAY AT 2.30, 5.15, 7.15 & 9.15 P.M.



SHOWING TO-DAY

ALHAMBRA THEATRE

At 2.30 5.20, 7.20 & 9.20 p.m.

The story of The Plane That BUSTED THE BLITZ!



Terrific human drama of a man's dream and a woman's faith!

LESLEY HOWARD DAVID NIVEN

RUMANIAN LEADER ARRESTED

Bucharest, July 20.
Dr. Jules Maniu, the 74-year-old Rumanian opposition National Peasant leader, has been arrested and imprisoned.

The Rumanian Chamber of Deputies yesterday lifted Parliamentary immunity from Dr. Maniu and five other Peasant Party deputies.

Dr. Maniu, who was Prime Minister in 1928-1930 and again in 1932-33, was stated earlier this week to be under police surveillance at a sanatorium, where he was undergoing treatment.—Reuter.

Marshall Plan Delays Depression

Belgrade, July 20.
The belief that the Marshall plan to restore Europe's economy would "delay the economic depression in the United States," was expressed today by Henry Wallace, former United States Vice-President and Secretary of Commerce, in an interview with the official Yugoslav news agency, Tanjug, in New York.

He told the correspondent of Tanjug that he opposed the Marshall plan if it "divides the world into two parts" and if "the primary aim is to revive Germany for the purpose of waging a struggle against Russia."

"American economy," he declared, "is working at an exceedingly high level of production."

More men were employed in production of peacetime commodities than ever before, and living costs in the past year had increased by one-third.

He predicted that in 1948 "probably large-scale discontent will be manifested against the high cost of living."

The Liberal leader also timed the possible depression for next year, but thought that if the credits for the Marshall plan were approved by Congress "the depression will probably be postponed until 1950 or 1951."

Third Party For U.S.

In reply to a question on a third party in United States politics, Mr. Wallace said:

"The majority of progressive people are interested in the transformation of the Democratic Party into a genuine liberal party. If this fails in 1948, we shall consider the possibility of the creation of a third party."

On the subject of Yugoslav-American relations, Mr. Wallace said that no other country was so misunderstood in the United States as Yugoslavia.

He praised the way the Yugoslavs "today are solving their problems," that there is not "greater friendship between the two countries, which would contribute to world peace."—Reuter.

They Can Stay In America

Washington, July 20.
The Senate passed and sent to the House bills to permit Mrs. Anna Kong Mei of Berkeley, California, and Mrs. Mary Sungdak Charr of Venice, California, to remain permanently in the United States.

Mrs. Charr, Korean, naturalized citizen of China, is the wife of James Charr of Beverly Hills, Korean, naturalized citizen of the United States. Mrs. Mei, native of China, entered the United States as a temporary visitor. She married Hui Chien Mei, who was born in the United States, but later lost his citizenship by practicing law in China.

She has three adult children, all citizens of the United States and now living in this country.—Associated Press.

Smuts' Recipe For Health

Johannesburg, July 21.
Field Marshal Jan Christian Smuts at 77, one of the most active statesmen in the Commonwealth, on Sunday gave his recipe for health. He works an average of 12 to 14 hours a day, "but nothing the secret of keeping constantly on the go," he told reporters. "I am always on the move and that keeps a man fit."

"I have no special diet and eat practically what I like. My tastes are simple. I believe in taking exercise, but nothing strenuous, mainly brisk walking."

(His idea of brisk walking means striding up a mountain, one correspondent observed.)

The South African Premier said that he invariably rises between six and seven and goes to bed "when work is finished." He never takes a holiday. "There's so much to be done even on Sundays," he said.—Associated Press.

EVATT WANTS FIVE POINTS

Tokyo, July 20.

The first indications of the line that the talks on a projected Japanese peace treaty between General Douglas MacArthur, the Supreme Allied Commander in Japan, and Dr. Herbert V. Evatt, the Australian Minister of External Affairs, would be likely to take, were given today in what is regarded as an officially inspired article in the "BCON", the British Commonwealth Forces newspaper here.

Loan Would Halt China Inflation

Seattle, July 21.

Dr. Tien-Fang Cheng, former Chinese Ambassador to Germany, declared in an interview here on Sunday that he felt the billion dollar United States loan to China would halt inflation there if used as a reserve on which to peg new currency.

Cheng, who resigned as Ambassador to Germany in 1938, is studying conditions in the United States and Canada after serving as China's representative at the recent UNESCO conference in Paris.

He asserted that China has joined hands with America in combating the spread of Communism. "Freedom-loving people all over the world are fighting Communism in one way or another," he said. "In China it has developed into actual combat."

Russia, he felt, now is too weak to wage open war, but he added, "I would not write off the possibility that the Soviet may break loose at some time in the future."

He said China is trying desperately to reduce government expenses but "it is almost impossible, however, as inflation continues as fast as budgets can be increased."—Associated Press.

SUPPORT FOR DE GASPERI

Rome, July 20.

Premier Alcide De Gasperi today won the support of almost all political parties for ratification of the Italian peace treaty through a compromise agreement to make the treaty effective only when it is ratified by all the four Allied powers.

De Gasperi's Christian Democratic Party approved the plan by 135 to 12. Other party leaders voiced willingness to support the decision to give government the power to execute the treaty when all ratifications are deposited in Paris.

The compromise formula will be presented to the Constituent Assembly on Wednesday. It appears assured of an easy majority, since opposition argument is that Italy should not make the treaty effective before Russian ratification.—United Press.

Dutch Seize Republican Buildings In Batavia

(Continued from Page 1.)

signed by Dr. A. K. Gani, the Indonesian Vice-Premier. The outstanding difficulty between the Dutch and the Indonesians is still the Dutch demand that the islands should be policed by a joint constabulary.

The crisis has been going on since May 27, when the Dutch made proposals for a federal interim government for the whole of Indonesia under the Dutch Crown, pending the carrying out of the Lingard agreement providing for a United States of Indonesia by January 1, 1949.

No official Dutch reaction to Dr. Gani's letter has so far been received, but authoritative Dutch circles here said that it was certain to be rejected.

Dr. Hubertus Van Mook, the Dutch Lieutenant Governor General, was expected to cable the contents of the letter to The Hague, and then to confer with his naval and army commanders on The Hague's reply to his latest recommendations.

Earlier it was reported from Jogjakarta, the Indonesian Republican capital, that Pandit Nehru, Vice-President of the Indian Interim Government, had sent a message to the Republican Government, backing completely on his personal responsibility as India's leader their policy for preserving the de facto status of the Republic.

Dr. Mohammed Hatta, the Indonesian Vice-President, is understood to have flown secretly to New Delhi last week for talks with Pandit Nehru, according to a reliable report from Fort De Cock in Central Sumatra, where Dr. Hatta is now touring. Hatta and Nehru were fellow students in Europe and are personal friends.

Dutch Government circles said today that alternative landing fields, avoiding India, had already been

The article lists as follows the five main points which it says Australia would probably favour at the peace conference.

1. Control and supervision of the peace terms ensuring that Japan will not imitate the example of Germany after the first World War, and so menace again the security of the Pacific and Southeast Asia.

2. Reparations and the disposal of the remaining elements of the Japanese fleet.

3. Agreement on reparations must be such as will not cripple economy, provided "economy" means the peaceful development of non-warlike industries.

4. Adequate compensation to each Allied nation to cover physical losses and personal injuries to servicemen, the sufferings of war prisoners and civilian internees.

5. Full agreement with General MacArthur that there must be an early peace with safeguards ensuring Japan's development as a peaceful, democratic state. In this there must be a particular stress on a review of the Japanese constitution, the encouragement of trade unions and progressive educational measures and drastic reforms of land tenure.

It is believed here that there is not likely to be any disagreement between General MacArthur and Dr. Evatt on these points, and that the only differences will be of degree.

General MacArthur has already declared that, under the terms of the Potsdam agreement, Japan will be confined to four main islands and that there is no possibility of her again menacing the security of the Pacific and Southeast Asia for at least 100 years.

Despite the criticism of a Soviet member of the Allied Control Council, General MacArthur said that Japanese trade unions are receiving considerable encouragement, education measures are already underway, and land reform will be completed by the end of 1948.

Dr. Evatt is expected to arrive in Korea on July 25, from where he will go to Chungking by train, and then fly, in General MacArthur's special plane to Tokyo.—Reuter.

Boycott By Soviet

Washington, July 21.

An apparent Russian boycott of the very first international meeting called by the United States on the Japanese peace treaty was revealed on Sunday by one Soviet Embassy and admitted by the State Department.

Nine other countries were represented in the meeting which was held in the State Department on July 11, but no Russian envoy ever showed up. There is speculation whether this is a significant indication of the way in which the Soviet Union will react to American plans for a veto-free Japanese peace conference system.—Associated Press.



UNSCOP MEMBERS LEAVE HOLY LAND

Jerusalem, July 20.

UNSCOP delegates left Jerusalem today under a heavy guard, which escorted their caravan to the Lebanese border while mines exploded along the parallel railroad line—apparently the Irgun Zvai Leumi's idea of "a show of strength."

UNSCOP left the Holy Land as the Arabs, who had boycotted the hearings, began observing their holy month of Ramadan. After spending five weeks in Palestine, the Committee has gone to Lebanon to hear evidence from Iraq, Egypt, Saudi Arabia, Syria and Lebanon. Transjordan has refused to appear unless UNSCOP meets in Amman.

In Jerusalem, UNSCOP heard 39 witnesses, received 100 memoranda, 150 maps, 500 reference books—30 tons of paper altogether. They travelled 50,000 kilometres in their 30 now motor cars with United Nations licence plates. The cars used 2,500 gallons of gasoline. A rough computation put the cost of the UNSCOP inquiry at US\$350,000.

Before departing today, UNSCOP in a camera session heard, from Stanley, Gruer, American correspondent for The Churchman, who was aboard the President Garfield with the load of Jewish refugees when the British

Navy intercepted the vessel, on Friday.

Gruer said later: "I charge the Navy with piracy. We have proof that we were 17 miles from shore when our vessel was boarded. Evidently the Navy had orders to prevent a landing at any price."

With the departure of UNSCOP, the Palestine situation is as follows: The township of Nathanya is still isolated from the rest of the world by martial law and "Operation Tiger," but the two kidnapped British soldiers have not yet been located.

The curfew in Haifa prevents anyone being on the streets after sundown—even press-card holders under military escort.

Jerusalem has had a record number of siren wails to indicate acts of violence by Jewish extremists.—United Press.

RANGOON'S "BLACK SUNDAY"

(Continued from Page 1)

"We have also the assurance of all necessary assistance from the British Government to safeguard law and order in the country."

There is something unreal about the superficial quietness in Rangoon, where the curfew was in force all last night.

Armed police kept watch everywhere. Confidence in the Government's precautionary measures seemed universal, but in many quarters the anxious question was asked: "What if the People's Volunteer Corps take the law into their own hands? Is that a probability now that they have lost the leadership which kept them under restraint?"

It is hoped that the new Government, acting as it has every right to do without British interference, will take a hold of the situation in Burma which, by the firmness, will safeguard against any repetition of this week-end's dreadful outrage.

It would be difficult to exaggerate the British sense of shock. There has been deep appreciation in London of the courage of U. Aung San and his colleagues, and of the very difficult task they had undertaken in trying to consolidate Burmese political opinion so that a course might be set, with the British Government, for an early settlement of the problems to get a new constitution into operation.

Eye-witnesses of the murder, describing the attack today, said: "It was as if a lightning had struck all at once."

The Council had just begun its session on Saturday morning when four gunmen in military uniform forced open the door of the Council Chamber and rained volleys of Sten gun fire on the assembled Ministers.

"In the twinkling of an eye the Council Chamber became a slaughter-house," one of the survivors said. There was a pool of blood with dead and dying men lying all over the place. "I fainted away and awoke in hospital. I still cannot believe that I am alive," he said.

U. Aung San did not regain consciousness after he collapsed on the floor from his chair, and some survivors said that he died on the spot. His body was the first to be removed to hospital. Five other Ministers died in hospital.

U. Ba Gyan, Burmese Youth Leader, who miraculously escaped assassination, said: "I really cannot remember all that happened in those two fateful minutes."

Looking tired when he was released from hospital, U. Ba Gyan said that he had the presence of mind to lie prostrate on the floor when the assassins started "the fireworks" and he suffered only slight injury.

"It was an incredible but unforgettable experience," he said. "I do not think I could even recognise the assassins if I see them again. All I can remember—and I shudder to think of it—is a pool of blood with bullet-ridden bodies of my beloved comrades strewn all over the place."—Reuter.

Jap Capitalists Want America As Ally

Tokyo, July 20.

Many top Japanese officials are worried about prospects of a real postwar slump, saying that American economic help must arrive quickly if this country is to be converted into a bulwark against Communism.

CONVERTIBLE CURRENCY SCHEME

The Hague, July 20.

The Customs Union of Belgium, Holland and Luxembourg will present a plan to stimulate European trade by making the currencies of subscribing countries convertible into one another, in a memorandum to the Committee for European Economic Co-operation, it was learned here tonight.

It is understood that the scheme is still under discussion in Brussels and The Hague, and that talks will be resumed in Paris tomorrow.

The scheme would include a dollar fund to be established with the aid of the United States to cover possible deficits in the balance of payments. Customs Union experts believe that by "internationalising" currencies, deficits in payments balances would largely cancel each other out and decrease the amount of dollars needed. Dollars drawn from the fund to cover a deficit would be used by the recipient country for purchases in the United States.

Some opposition is expected to come from Scandinavian countries which have shown reservations regarding extensions of multilateral trade.—Reuter.

Don Juan Likes A Bit Of Fun

Salerno, July 20.

Don Juan of Bourbon, Prince of the Asturias and pretender to the Spanish throne, visited night amusement places here last night.

Accompanied by several gentlemen of his retinue, Don Juan lingered in Salerno night clubs until the wee hours.—United Press.

TO-DAY'S BROADCAST

ZBW Hongkong broadcasting on a frequency of 645 kilocycles from 12.30 to 2 p.m., and 4.20 to 5 p.m. and also on 622 megacycles in the 21 metre band from 12.30 to 1.15, 7.30 to 8.30 and 9.15 to 11 p.m.

6.30. Tunes of Not-So-Long-Ago: Music from Different Eras. 7.15. "Life What's Life?" Presented by E. Holmes-Brown. 8. London Relay: World News. 8.15. London Relay: Home News from Britain. 8.15. Studio: "Do You Remember?" A Vocal Recital by Celia Hodgman (Soprano) with Piano accompaniment by Kathleen Seith. 8.30. Military Band Concert and Peter Dawson (Bartitone). 9. Studio: George Pearson and His Band. 9.15. Studio: "Vocal." 9.30. B.B.C. Transcription Service: The Persecution of Bob Fetti. 10. World Report. 10.15. "Something for Everybody"—Music for all tastes. 11. Close Down.

NOTICE

Advertisers are requested to note that no advertisements (with the exception of urgent notices) will be accepted between the hours of 12.30 noon Saturdays, and 9 a.m. on Mondays.

From and including Mondays to Fridays, copy for the following days must be submitted not later than 4 p.m.

S. C. M. POST, H.K. TELEGRAPH.

NOTICE

Messrs. Spence Robinson & Partners, F.F. & A.R.I.E.A. Architects, Shanghai, beg to announce having opened an Office in Hongkong and will be located temporarily at Marina House, Room No. 207, Queen's Road.

POSITIONS VACANT

STEREOGRAPHEN wanted from August 1st for Social Welfare Organisation. Good English and Chinese essential. Reply Box 105, "H.K. Tel."

HONGKONG FOOTBALL ASSOCIATION

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Annual General Meeting of the Hongkong Football Association will be held at the Gloucester Hotel, top floor, Victoria in the Colony of Hongkong, on Monday the 28th day of July, 1947 at 5.30 o'clock in the afternoon to receive and consider the Accounts and Balance Sheet and the Report of the Council and Auditors, and to elect Officers for 1947/48.

Dated this 18th day of July, 1947.

By Order of the Council, H. DE SA, Acting Hon. Secretary.

All Affiliated Clubs are entitled to send two representatives to the meeting.

CONSULADO GENERAL DE PANAMA

The Panamanian Minister to China wishes that Panama nationals in this area contact him between 9.00 a.m. and 1.00 p.m. on Tuesday the 22nd and/or Friday the 25th instant at the Panamanian Consulate.

At the request of the Chilean Embassy, Chilean citizens will also be attended at the same hour and days.

Printed and published by Frederick Percy Franklin for and on behalf of South China Morning Post Limited at 1-3 Wyndham Street, City of Victoria, in the Colony of Hongkong.

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